

1.0 Right Triangle Review.Sept2020

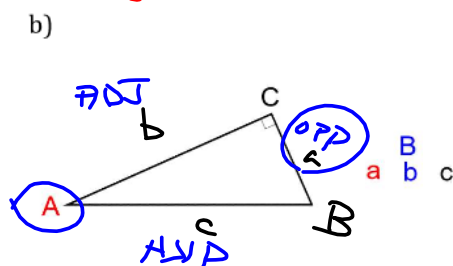
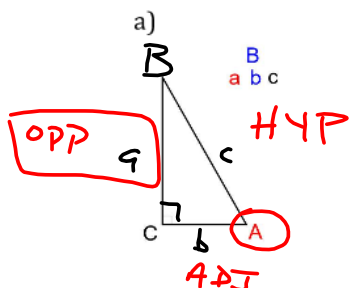
Review: Name triangle angles with Upper Case Letters and label the sides with their corresponding lower case letter.

Review: Identify the three sides of a right triangle as the hypotenuse, the side opposite the given angle, the side adjacent to the given angle.

Examples: We often name our right angle "C".

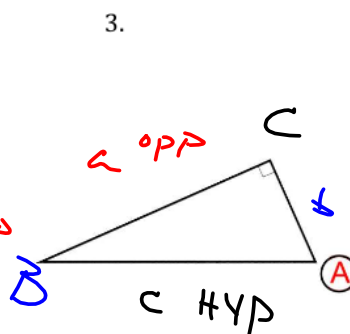
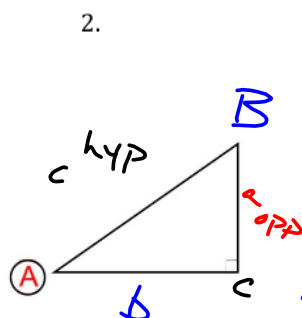
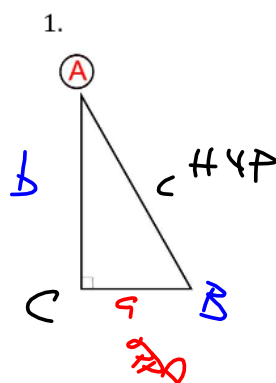
We often use "A B C" for the angles and "a b c" for the sides.

When we refer to angle **A** we will name the sides of the triangle: **hypotenuse**, **opposite** of A, **adjacent** to A.



Own your own:

- Name the right angle as "C".
- Write "hyp" or "hypotenuse" with side 'c'.
- Write 'a' for the side opposite A.
- Write 'b' for the side opposite B.
- Write 'opp' or "opposite of A" for the side opposite of the circled angle, A.



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Right Triangle Geometry Review

Review: Write three ratios for the indicated angle in a Right Triangle: sine (sin), cosine (cos) and tangent (tan).

Example: We will name the sides and angles of the triangle. We can name and write three ratios relative to angle X

$$\sin X = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

SOH

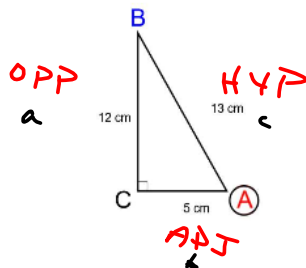
$$\cos X = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

CAH

$$\tan X = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

TOA

1. Label the triangle (hypotenuse, opposite A, adjacent A) and write the ratios for angle A. Write the ratios as decimals, four places.

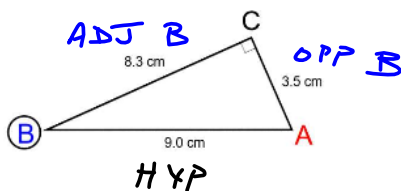


$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}} \quad \sin A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} \quad \sin A = \frac{12}{13} = 0.9231$$

$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}} \quad \cos A = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} \quad \cos A = \frac{5}{13} = 0.3846$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}} \quad \tan A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}} \quad \tan A = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4$$

2. Label the triangle (hypotenuse, opposite B, adjacent B) and write the ratios for angle B. Write the ratios as decimals, four places.



$$\sin B = \frac{3.5}{9.0} = 0.3889$$

$$\cos B = \frac{8.3}{9.0} = 0.9222$$

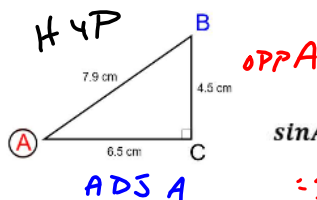
$$\tan B = \frac{3.5}{8.3} = 0.4217$$

$$\sin B = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos B = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\tan B = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

3. Label the triangle (hypotenuse, opposite A, adjacent A) and write the ratios for angle A. Write the ratios as decimals, four places.



$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$= \frac{4.5}{7.9} = 0.5696$$

$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$= \frac{6.5}{7.9} = 0.8228$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

$$= \frac{4.5}{6.5} = 0.6923$$

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Right Triangle Geometry Review

Calculators: Our calculators will give us the decimal ratio for any angle in a triangle.

- We need to make sure we have our calculators in "DEGREE" mode.
- Find the ratios for the following (four decimal places) angles in degree mode:

a) $\sin 25 = 0.4226 = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{0.4226}{1}$

b) $\cos 33 = 0.8387 = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{0.8387}{1}$

c) $\tan 48 = 1.1106 = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$

Review: Finding sides in a Right Triangle when you know an acute angle and a side.

Similar Skills - using ratios to solve problems.

You pay \$3.75 for 25 pieces of candy.

- How much would you pay for one piece of candy?

$$\frac{\$3.75}{25} = \frac{x}{1}$$

$$x = \$0.15$$

- How many pieces of candy could you purchase with \$9.00?

$$\frac{\$3.75}{25} = \frac{\$9.00}{x}$$

$$x = 60$$

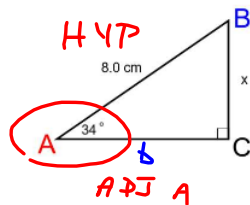
We will use the skill of cross multiplying to solve our triangle problems.

Examples: Determine the length of side 'x' in our triangle, rounded to the nearest tenth.

What do we know from past work:

- Label the sides (hyp, opp, adj) relative to the given angle (circle the given angle).
- Write the three ratios (SIN, COS, TAN)
 - Fill in the numbers that we know.
 - Choose the ratio that works for cross multiplying.
- Solve

a)



$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\sin 34 = \frac{x}{8.0}$$

$$\frac{0.5592}{1} = \frac{x}{8.0}$$

$$x = 4.5$$

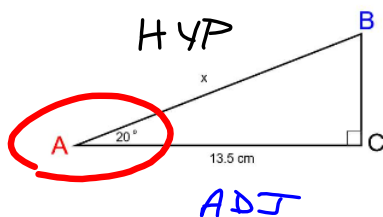
$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos 34 = \frac{b}{8.0}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

$$\tan 34 = \frac{x}{b}$$

b)



$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\sin 20 = \frac{a}{x}$$

$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos 20 = \frac{13.5}{x}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

$$\tan 20 = \frac{a}{13.5}$$

$$\frac{0.9397}{1} = \frac{13.5}{x}$$

$$x = 14.4$$

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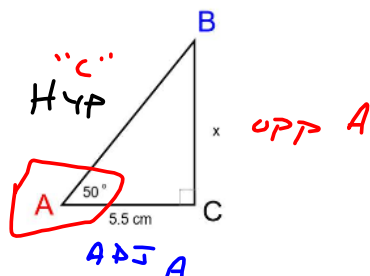
Right Triangle Geometry Review

$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} \quad \cos A = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} \quad \tan A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

$$\sin 50 = \frac{x}{c}$$

$$\cos 50 = \frac{5.5}{c}$$

c)



$$\tan 50 = \frac{x}{5.5}$$

$$\frac{1.1918}{1} = \frac{x}{5.5}$$

$$x = 6.6$$

Review: Finding sides in a Right Triangle when you know an acute angle and a side.

Previous Skill: Find the SIN, COS, or TAN ratio for angles:

Examples:

- $\sin 33 = 0.5446$
- $\cos 55 = 0.5736$
- $\tan 77 = 4.3315$

If we know the ratio (decimal value) how do we determine the angle?

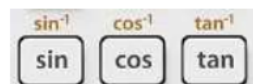
Examples:

- a) $\sin A = 0.6947$
- b) $\cos B = 0.4067$
- c) $\tan X = 0.8391$

Our calculators work forwards and backwards... we need to use 'reverse' to find an angle when we know the ratio. Each of our calculators have the ratios with the -1 sign:



Often we need to use 'shift' or '2nd' key to



the get

the -1 with the ratio to appear.

When we know the ratio, we use the ratio with -1 to find the angle:

Online Calculator: [Desmo Scientific](https://www.desmos.com/calculator)

Using Desmos, we enter the decimals and get the angle in degrees:

$\sin^{-1}(0.6947)$	$= 44.00331591$
$\cos^{-1}(0.4067)$	$= 66.00229816$
$\tan^{-1}(0.8391)$	$= 40.0000124$

If we round our answers to the nearest degree we know:

- a) $A = 44$
- b) $B = 66$
- c) $X = 40$

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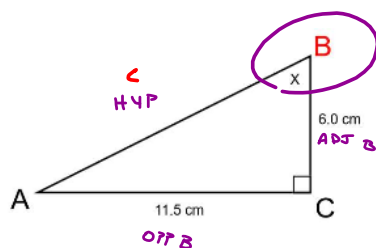
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Right Triangle Geometry Review

Examples:

- Label the sides (hyp, opp, adj) relative to angle X (circle the given angle).
- Write the three ratios (SIN, COS, TAN)
 - Fill in the numbers that we know.
 - Determine which ratio can be written as a decimal.
- Solve for the angle.

1. Given $\triangle ABC$. Determine angle X, rounded to the nearest degree.



SOH CAH TOA

$$\sin X = \frac{11.5}{c}$$

$$\cos X = \frac{6.0}{c}$$

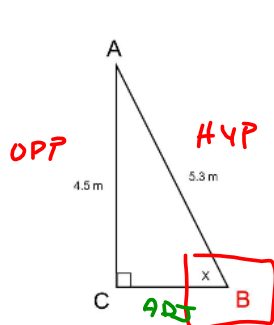
$$\tan X = \frac{11.5}{6.0}$$

$$\tan X = 1.9167$$

$$X = \tan^{-1}(1.9167)$$

$$X = 62$$

2. Given $\triangle ABC$. Determine angle X, rounded to the nearest degree.



SOH CAH TOA

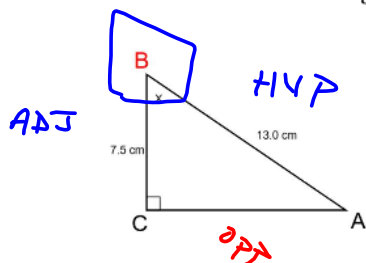
$$\sin X = \frac{4.5}{5.3}$$

$$\sin X = 0.8491$$

$$X = \sin^{-1}(0.8491)$$

$$X = 58$$

3. Given $\triangle ABC$. Determine angle X, rounded to the nearest degree.



SOH CAH TOA

$$\cos X = \frac{7.5}{13.0}$$

$$X = \cos^{-1}(0.5769)$$

$$X = 55$$

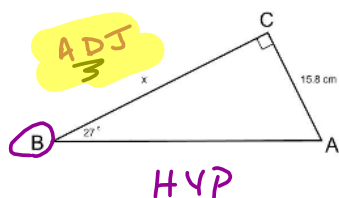
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Right Triangle Geometry Review

Own your own: Finding an angle or a side in a Right Triangle.

- Find the missing side, rounded to nearest tenth.



SOH

CAH

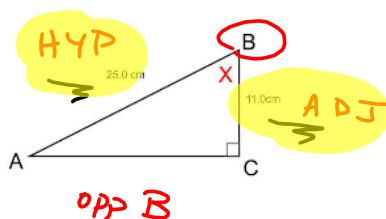
TOA

$$\tan 27 = \frac{15.8}{x}$$

$$\frac{0.5095}{1} = \frac{15.8}{x}$$

$$x = 31.0$$

- Find the missing angle, rounded to the nearest degree.



SOH CAH TOA

$$\cos X = \frac{11.0}{25.0}$$

$$\cos X = 0.44$$

$$X = \cos^{-1}(0.44)$$

$$X = 64$$

[Skill Building Practice](#) and [Answer Key](#)