

## Math 20-2

### Objectives:

- Graph a quadratic in the form  $y = a(x - r)(x - s)$
- Find the x-intercepts of a quadratic in the form  $y = a(x - r)(x - s)$
- Find the vertex of a quadratic in the form  $y = a(x - r)(x - s)$

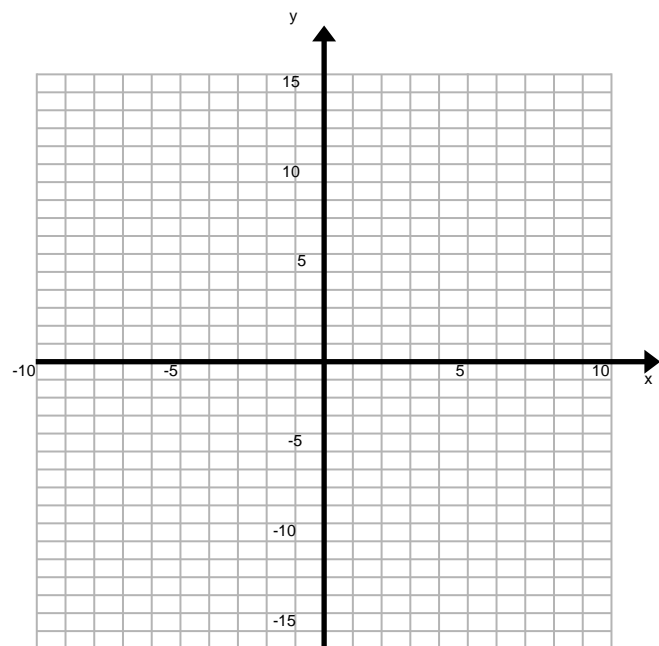
### Examples:

1. Graph and find the intercepts and find the vertex:

a)  $y = (x - 2)(x - 4)$

Find points to plot:

| $X$ | $Y$ |
|-----|-----|
|     |     |
|     |     |
|     |     |
|     |     |
|     |     |

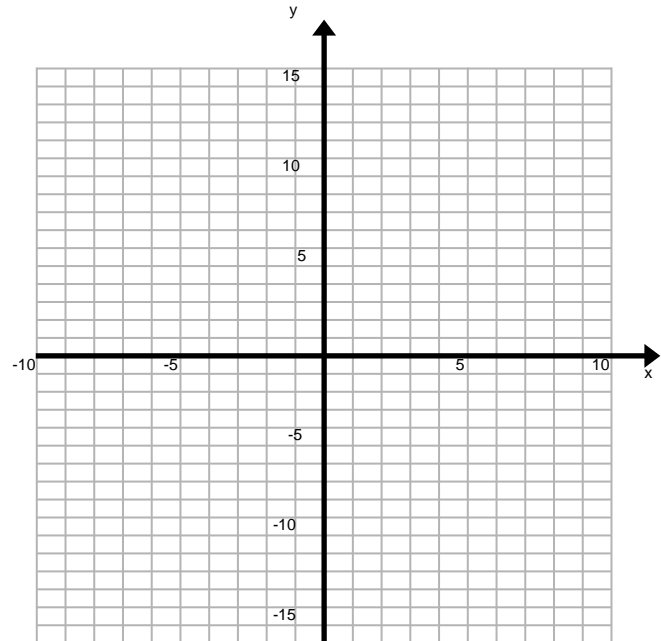


1. Graph and find the intercepts and find the vertex:

b)  $y = (x + 5)(x + 1)$

Find points to plot:

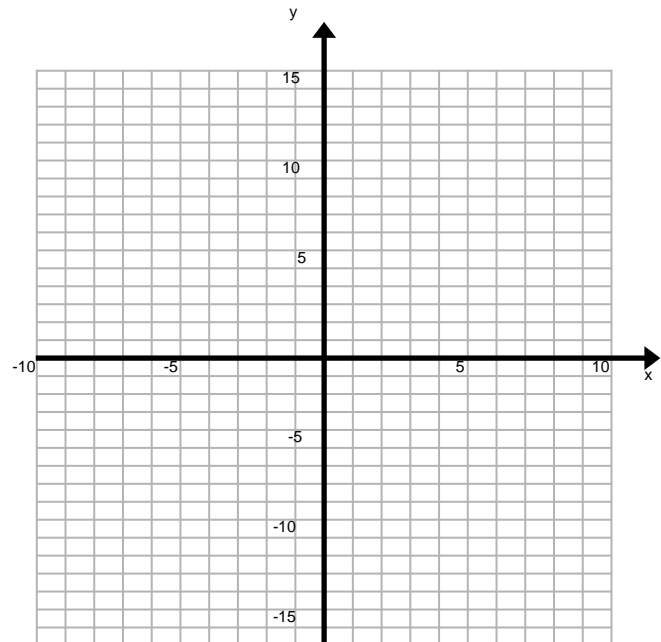
| X | Y |
|---|---|
|   |   |
|   |   |
|   |   |
|   |   |
|   |   |



c)  $y = -(x + 3)(x - 1)$

Find points to plot:

| X | Y |
|---|---|
|   |   |
|   |   |
|   |   |
|   |   |
|   |   |



- What is the pattern for finding the x-intercepts of a quadratic in the form  $y = a(x - r)(x - s)$

- What is the pattern for finding the vertex of a quadratic in the form  $y = a(x - r)(x - s)$

2. Find the x-intercepts and the vertex of:

a)  $y = (x - 6)(x + 2)$

b)  $y = 2(x - 6)(x + 2)$

2. Find the x-intercepts and the vertex of:

c)  $y = (2x - 3)(2x + 1)$

d)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x + 8)(x - 4)$