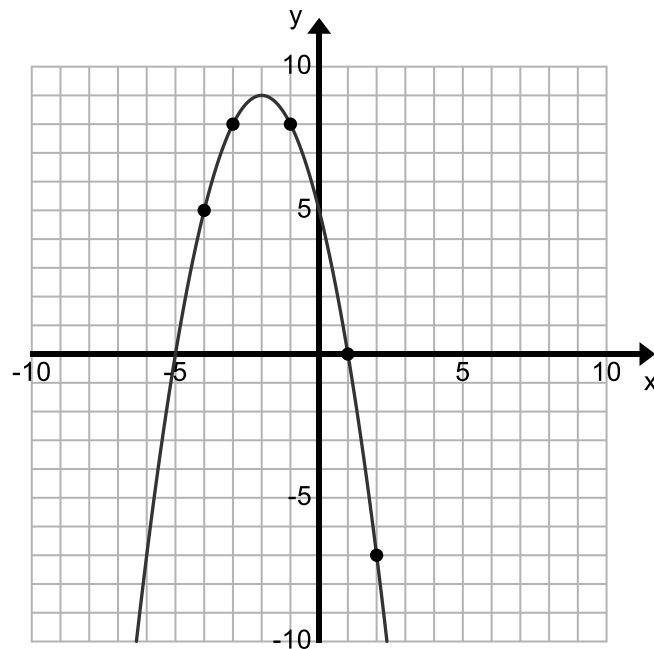


Quadratic Function Properties: Part Two

1. Given the graph of the function:

- find the vertex
- sketch in the axis of symmetry and write the equation for the axis of symmetry
- plot and identify 3 other points on the graph using the property of symmetry
- identify the x – intercepts (on the graph, coordinates)
- identify the y – intercept (on the graph, coordinates)
- write the domain and range

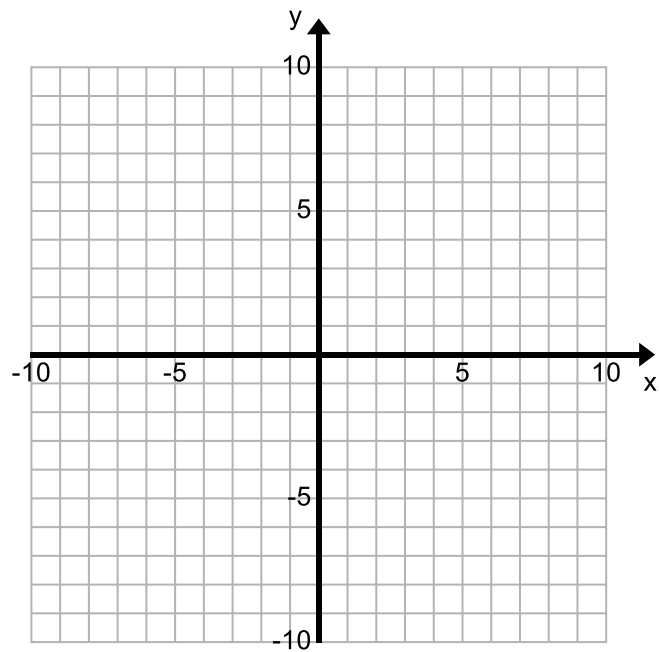


2. Given the equation of the quadratic function:

- find points to plot using algebra or trace or a table of values
- identify the x – intercepts (on the graph, coordinates)
- identify the y – intercept (on the graph, coordinates)
- identify the vertex (on the graph, coordinates)
- write the equation for the axis of symmetry
- write the domain and range

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x - 6$$

X	Y
-6	
-4	
-2	
0	
2	
4	
6	



3. Find the quadratic equation [use regression skills] and draw the graph for the following:

X	Y
-3	0
-2	-2
0	0
1	4

a) Equation:

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

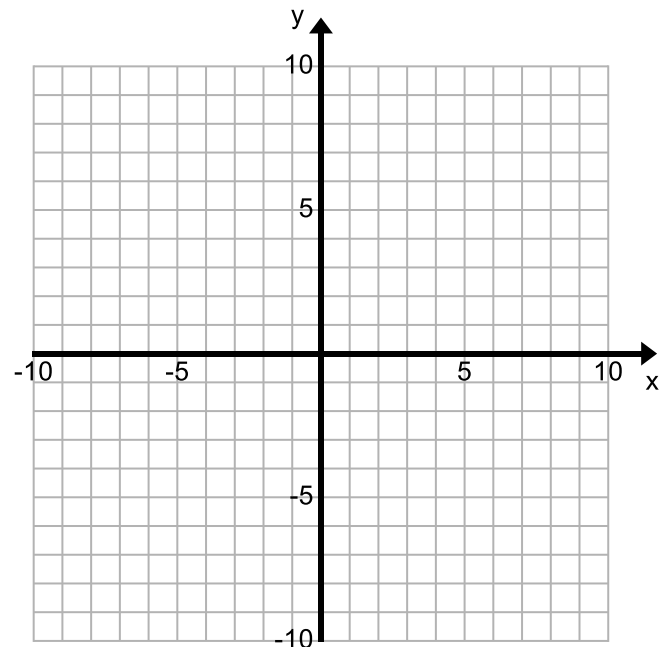
$$a =$$

$$b =$$

$$c =$$

b) Plot the given points, plot at least 3 more points and draw the graph.

c) Find the vertex.



4. A football player stands on the top of the bleachers and throws the football towards the field. The height of the football is given by the equation:

$h = -0.4t^2 + 2.1t + 3.25$, where t is the time in seconds and h is the height of the football in metres. [$y = -0.4x^2 + 2.1x + 3.25$]

a) Sketch the path of the football using the window:

X: [-2,8,1]

Y: [-2,8,1]



b) Find the height the football was thrown from [use Trace].

c) Find the maximum height of the football [use Maximum].

d) Find how long the football is in the air [use Zero].

e) Find when the football has a height of 2.0 metres [use Intersect].