

4.1 Solve Algebraic

Math 20-2

Solve quadratic equations algebraically:

- Factoring: quadratic equal zero, then factor and solve.
- Quadratic Formula: quadratic equal zero, then use the formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Skills:

Show how to simplify the following radicals:

a) $\sqrt{24} = 2\sqrt{6}$

$$\underbrace{\sqrt{4}\sqrt{6}}_{\text{square}} = 2\sqrt{6}$$

b) $\sqrt{80} = 4\sqrt{5}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{16}\sqrt{5} \\ 4\sqrt{5} \end{array} \quad \left. \begin{array}{c} \sqrt{4}\sqrt{20} \\ 2\sqrt{20} \\ 2\sqrt{4}\sqrt{5} \\ 2(2)\sqrt{5} \\ 4\sqrt{5} \end{array} \right\}$$

c) $\sqrt{36} = 6$

$\sqrt{\text{squares}} = \text{whole numbers...}$

$$\sqrt{36} \neq \sqrt{6}$$

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$\rightarrow \text{QUAD} = \text{ZERO}$

Examples: Solve by factoring.

$$1. \ 2x^2 + 11x + 12 = 0$$

$\boxed{\quad}$ product

~~24
8
3
11~~

$$\frac{2x^2 + 8x}{2x} + \frac{3x + 12}{3}$$

$$2x(x+4) + 3(x+4) = 0$$

$$(x+4)(2x+3) = 0$$

$$x+4=0 \quad 2x+3=0$$

$$x=-4$$

$$2x=-3$$

$$x=-\frac{3}{2}$$

FACTOR = ZERO

SOLVE

$$2. \ 4x^2 = 12x - 9$$

$$-12x + 9$$

QUAD = ZERO

$$4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$$

$\boxed{\quad}$

~~36
-6
-6
-12~~

$$\frac{4x^2 - 6x}{2x} - \frac{-6x + 9}{-3} = 0$$

"keep sign"

~~1x36
2x18
3x12
4x9
6x6~~

$$2x(2x-3) - 3(2x-3) = 0$$

$$(2x-3)(2x-3) = 0$$

$$2x-3=0 \quad 2x-3=0$$

add 3
 $\div 2$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

OR

$x = 1.5$ "one equal answer"

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QUAD = ZERO

Examples: Solve with the quadratic formula (exact answers).

$$1. \ 2x^2 + 11x + 12 = 0$$

$$a = 2 \quad b = 11 \quad c = 12$$

$$b^2 = 121$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-11 \pm \sqrt{121 - 4(2)(12)}}{2(2)} \dots 121 - 96 = 25$$

$$x = \frac{-11 \pm \sqrt{25}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{-11 + 5}{4} \quad x = \frac{-11 - 5}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{-6}{4} \quad x = \frac{-16}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{-3}{2} \quad x = -4$$

$$2. \ 4x^2 = 12x - 9$$

QUAD = ZERO ... x^2 positive

$$4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$$

$$a = 4 \quad b = -12 \quad c = 9$$

$$b^2 = 144$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 4(4)(9)}}{2(4)} \dots 144 - 144 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{0}}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{12+0}{8} \quad x = \frac{12-0}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{12}{8} \quad x = \frac{12}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2} \quad x = \frac{3}{2}$$

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$$3. \quad 5x = x^2 - 2$$

quad = zero
x² positive

$$0: x^2 - 5x - 2$$

$$a=1 \quad b=-5 \quad c=-2$$

$$b^2=25$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2(1)} \quad \dots 25 + 8 = 33$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{33}}{2}$$

$\sqrt{33}$ does not simplify

OR

$$x = \frac{5 + \sqrt{33}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{5 - \sqrt{33}}{2}$$

$$4. \quad 4x^2 - 6x + 1 = 0$$

quad = zero ✓

$$a=4 \quad b=-6 \quad c=1$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 4(4)(1)}}{2(4)} \quad \dots \frac{36 - 16}{20} = 20$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{20}}{8} \quad \sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4} \sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm 2\sqrt{5}}{8} \quad \dots \text{all numbers} \div 2$$

$$x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{4}$$

OR

$$x = \frac{3 + \sqrt{5}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{3 - \sqrt{5}}{4}$$

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Examples: Solve with the quadratic formula (rounded answers to hundredths).

$$1. \ 2x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$a=2 \ b=3 \ c=1$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 4(2)(1)}}{2(1)}$$

$$\sqrt{9-8}$$

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{1}}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm 1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-3+1}{2} = -\frac{2}{2}$$

$$x = -1$$

$$x = \frac{-3-1}{2} = -\frac{4}{2}$$

$$x = -2$$

$$2. \ 5x^2 = 3x + 10$$

quad = zero ... x^2 pos

$$5x^2 - 3x - 10 = 0$$

$$a=5 \ b=-3 \ c=-10$$

$$b^2 = 9$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 4(5)(-10)}}{2(5)} \dots 9+200$$

$$x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{209}}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{3 + \sqrt{209}}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{3 - \sqrt{209}}{10}$$

$$x = 1.7456$$

$$x = 1.75$$

$$x = -1.1456$$

$$x = -1.15$$