

5.1 Variables

$$\sqrt[3]{x^6} = (x^6)^{1/3} = x^2$$

Math 20-2 Radicals with Variables

A. Skills:

Identify square and cube expressions using variables:

$$(5)(5) = 5^2 \text{ so } \sqrt{5^2} = 5$$

$$(x)(x) = x^2 \text{ so } \sqrt{x^2} = x$$

$$(x^2)(x^2) = x^4 \text{ so } \sqrt{x^4} = x^2$$

$$(x^3)(x^3) = x^6 \text{ so } \sqrt{x^6} = x^3$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = (x^2)^{1/2} = x$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (x^2)(x^2)(x^2) = x^6 \\ (x \cdot x)(x \cdot x)(x \cdot x) = x^6 \\ \sqrt[3]{x^6} = x^2 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{x^6} = (x^6)^{1/2} = x^3$$

B. Determine the domain of square root expressions.

- Restrictions: you cannot square root a negative number.

- Find what makes the 'radicand' zero. Then determine the domain for the expression.

Examples:

$$1. \sqrt{x-5}$$

$$\boxed{x-5=0} \\ x=5$$

$$\boxed{x \geq 5} \\ \text{makes zero or positive}$$

$$2. \sqrt{2x+1}$$

less than -1/2

$2x+1=0$

$2x=-1$

$x=-\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{more than } -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 5, 10, 1000 \\ \text{makes positive} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{domain} \\ x \geq -\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

C. Express as mixed radicals in simplest form. Restrictions?

Examples:

$$1. \sqrt{18x^3} \\ = 3x\sqrt{2x} \\ x \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \sqrt{18} \\ \sqrt{9x^2} \\ 3\sqrt{2} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{x^3} \\ \sqrt{x^2 \cdot x} \\ x\sqrt{x} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x}$$

$$2. \sqrt{8x^5} \\ = 2x^2\sqrt{2x} \\ x \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \sqrt{8} \\ \sqrt{4x^2} \\ 2\sqrt{2} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{x^5} \\ \sqrt{x^4 \cdot x} \\ x^2\sqrt{x} \end{array}$$

$$3. 3x\sqrt{49x^7} \\ x \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3x\sqrt{49x^6 \cdot x} \\ 3x(7x^3)\sqrt{x} \\ 21x^4\sqrt{x} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} x \cdot x \cdot x \\ x \cdot x \cdot x \end{array}} \cdot x$$

$$4. \sqrt[3]{24x^7}$$

$$(x^6)^{1/3} = x^2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 3} \\ \sqrt[3]{x^6 \cdot x} \\ = 2\sqrt[3]{3} \quad x^2\sqrt[3]{x} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x \in R}$$

$$= 2x^2\sqrt[3]{3x}$$

$\sqrt[3]{\text{neg}}$ are real numbers...

5.1 Variables

D. Add and Subtract, Multiply, Divide. Restrictions.

Examples:

$$1. \ 5\sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{x} \quad \text{same size}$$

$$= 7\sqrt{x}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (2\sqrt{x})(3\sqrt{x}) \\ (2x)(3) \\ (3)(3\sqrt{x}) \\ (3)(-5) \end{array}$$

$$2. (2\sqrt{x} + 3)(3\sqrt{x} - 5)$$

$$= 6\sqrt{x^2} - 10\sqrt{x} + 9\sqrt{x} - 15$$

$$= 6x - \sqrt{x} - 15$$

$$3. \frac{15\sqrt{6x^3}}{3\sqrt{2x}}$$

$$\frac{15}{3} \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \frac{\sqrt{x^3}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= 5\sqrt{3}x^2$$

$$= 5x\sqrt{3}$$

$$4. \frac{6\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{24x^3}}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$6, -1, 2$$

radical x itself

$$5, 24x^3, x$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{5x} - \sqrt{24x^4}}{2\sqrt{x^2}}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{5x} - \sqrt{4x^4}\sqrt{6}}{2(x)}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{5x} - 2x^2\sqrt{6}}{2x}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{coefficients} \\ 6, 2, 2 \\ \therefore 2 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{5x} - x^2\sqrt{6}}{x}$$