

## **Math 20-2: Radical Tutorial**

1. Convert to a mixed radical in simplest form.

a)  $\sqrt{50x^5}$

b)  $\sqrt[3]{40}$

2. Convert to an entire radical.

a)  $3\sqrt{5}$

b)  $5\sqrt[3]{3}$

3. Add, subtract, multiply and simplify radical expressions.

a)  $\sqrt{54} + \sqrt{24} - \sqrt{96}$

b)  $3\sqrt{12} + 2\sqrt{45} - 5\sqrt{20}$

$$c) \ 2\sqrt{3}(2\sqrt{6} - 4\sqrt{15})$$

$$d) \ (5\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3})^2$$

4. Rationalize the denominator.

$$a) \frac{8\sqrt{x^5}}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$b) \frac{\sqrt{72}}{4\sqrt{8}}$$

$$c) \frac{3\sqrt{5} - 7\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{10}}$$

5. Solve radical equations.

$$a) \ \sqrt{x+2} = 5$$

$$b) \ 4(\sqrt{5x-2}) = 104$$